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# THE SOCIO-ECONOMIC CONFLICTS AND THE METHODS OF THEIR PERMISSION

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The conflict is a social and economical phenomenon, which in every society has a specifical permission of conflict situation. The basic idea of the permission of many socio-economic conflicts is based on the achievement of the self-sufficient society, where are a full realized and developed the all capabilities and satisfied interest of human. The authoritarian researchers promoted to ground important position, which takes in account the permission of socio and economic conflict. First, most of the problems, including conflicts, have a tint, of the character of man, with his vital functions. Thus, the important role in this orientation of human life should be regarded through the method of spiritual practical relation of the man himself, and what influences him. Second, the conflicts problems have to be examined, in similar socio-economic relations which have own ideology, world and spiuritul view. Third, the decision of any questions, including conflicts, must view the feedback of the adaptation and orientation on a concrete man. This process will take into account the "rational grain", of the man's world view. Fourth, it is necessary to take in account the psychology of conducting all the participants of the conflict, to investigate the distinctive estimations, to find mutual understanding, and to translate the permission of conflict, from an emotional level into an intellectual one, in the concerned approaches to solve the problem. Fifth, any conflicts, it is possible to examine the restrained political, legal and psychological process, which takes place in society. Therefore, the permission of these problems requires the presence of knowledge, experience, and practice of relations in the inter-personal social intercourse, to eliminate the moral, physical, and material loses, of the participants of the conflicts. In addition to that, there is the development of depth, scale and level of conflicts in the modern society. There are at least three main constituents: the members of the society, the State and the relations, which are folded by the State. For this reason, it is necessary to examine the relations between citizens, and the State, which requires different socio-economic system tints. Only by co-ordination of the interests of citizens, together with the association and rapprochement of general

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efforts of the State and at local level, it is possible to create the premise of the conflict situations and to decide the real tasks. In this case, it is necessary to find the balance between social interests and economic, technological requirements which are pulled out today by scientific and technical progress of the civilization. Also it is necessary to find the right way (optimal balance) between the long-term aims of the citizens in the society and the specific, national, cultural and international experience for the premises in the conflicts.

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#### INTRODUCTION

The researchers in the socio-economic studies found that the concept of the "conflict" in the social life has an impact in the economic system, in the countries over the world. In this view, the researchers created a new subfield in the economics, the "conflictology", which has now a particular attention, in the present studies in the science of Economics.<sup>1</sup>

The conflictology is the science which studies the reasons, forms, and dynamics of different conflicts. Also, it studies the prevention and the decisions of the legal methods, resulted from this mechanism. Moreover, the researchers found that the legal permission of conflicts is one of the most effective ways to deal with the problem, because it can assist the decisions of the authority of a State, or of an International Corporation. Also, the conflict, which is a phenomenon of the public life, may bring to the spotlight, the Humanism, from the appearance of the man on Earth to the present time. Likewise, the debates of the scientists, politicians, and the social workers in different countries in the World try to find a solution for every society, nation, religion, and territory in the scope of a fair society.

The general consensus is that the conflict can be interpreted as a form of the deviation from the norms of the existence of people.<sup>3</sup> Like that, any vital functions in the society are in permanent process from the origin of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Анцупов А.Я., Шилов А.И. Конфликтология: Учебник для вузов.—М.: ЮНИТИ551 с (1999); Бандурка А.М., Друзь В.А. Конфликтология: Учебн. пособие для вузов.—Харьков: Ун-т внутр. Дел 352 с (1997).

Дел 352 с (1997). <sup>2</sup> Юридична енциклопедія: в 6-т./[редкол.: Ю.С. Шемшученко (голова редколегії) та ін.].—К.: Укр. енцикл. (1998).—Т.2: Д - Й.—С. 335 (1999).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Анрущенко В.П., Михальченко М.І. Сучасна соціальна філософія. Курс лекцій: Видання друге, виправлене і доповнене.—К.: Вид-во (Генеза), С. 225 (1996).

permission in the contradictory situations to the conflict of interests, public values, relations, and so on. Still, the problems prevail. Therefore, any society which is in connection with the public relations, and be presented as a conflict, which requires further studies, in the state of the society, in which it takes place.

#### I. ANALYSIS OF THE LAST INVESTIGATION AND PUBLICATION

There are many publications in relation with the conflict and decisions on the mechanism of the conflictology as a whole.

These publications examine the interpretations, accepted in the international science and practice, on the conflict issue.<sup>5</sup>

Since then, there are many disagreements or arguments about the incompatibility of opinions or principles and so on. Then, the collision of scholars brought them apart with no results.

At present, there are presented in these publications, the aspects of many scientific developments, comprehensibly, where the questions are debated, pro and con. The scholars look for answers for the questions in relation to the permission of conflicts in philosophy, 6 economy policy, and the sociology, 7 for the management of the human capitals, 8 etc.

On the other hand, there are certain publications, which light up the conflicts and their permission in the field of taxation. In this view, there are specific courses of permission in taxation under the field of conflictology in the educational establishment in Ukraine and abroad.

These courses examine the issues in the theory of the development, and the origin of conflicts, together with the methods of warning, from the point

<sup>5</sup> CONCISE OXWORD ENGLISH DICTIONARY 1681, at 300 (Edited by Catherine Soanes, Engus Stevenson, eleventh edition, revised. New York, Oxford University Press 2009).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> There, what reference 3, at 222.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> There, what reference 3, at 221—243.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> CONFLIGO: CONFLICT IN A SOCIETY IN TRANSITION 225 (Edited by Boris A. Szeg â and Istv án Andr ás.—Dunaŭjváros, Hungary, TEXT Nyomdaipari Kft 2011).

 $<sup>^8</sup>$  Управление человеческими ресурсами/Под ред. М. Пула, М. Уорнера.—СПб: Питер1200 с (2002).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Третяк В.В., Недобєга О.О. Соціально-економічні конфлікти у забезпеченні податкової самодостатності регіонів//Механізм забезпечення податкової самодостатності: монографія/[Колектив авторів] за наук. ред. Т.В. Калінеску.—Луганськ: вид-во СНУ ім. В. Даля, С. 77—86 (2011); Податкові технології взаємовідносин з платниками податків: навчальний посібник/Т. В. Калінеску, Г. С. Ліхоносова, Г. О. Надьон, С. П. Кілінкаров.— Луганськ: вид-во СНУ ім. В. Даля, С. 126—155 (2013); Податкові конфлікти: особливості вирішення: навч. посіб.//за заг.ред. Л.В. Трофімової.—К.: КНТ, 360 с (2010); Іванов Ю.Б., Крисоватий А.І., Кизима А.Я., Карпова В.В. Податковий менеджмент: Підручник.—К.: Знання, С. 294—296 (2008).

of view in the disciplines of the method, <sup>10</sup> which may lead to concrete situations. <sup>11</sup>

In order to comprehend the problem of conflicts, it is necessary to underline that from a single point of view, it is not a scientific method of work. It is necessary that in relation to the status of functions, and the ways of permission of conflicts in the domestic life and the world philosophy and the economic literature, to look to the orientation of the human's life in the society, and to the diversity of opinions in the society, of the present studies worldwide. Then, the problem of conflicts can be discussed through the creation of the general theory on this subject.

If this creation of such theory can be accomplished and shared by the scholars, then this theory becomes a scientific task of the modern philosophy, and the socio—economic science.

At present, the annually conferences and symposiums sanctify with good reason, the study of the reasons, for the appearance of the conflicts, and their typology. Although, every arising up in the society of conflicts, which have specific reasons and historical roots. But, all of them have something in common, which appears to every stage of development, in a State, at the level of civilization.

The primary purpose of this research is to show the specific permission of socio-economic conflicts in Ukraine that may appear from different perception and methods and studies.

### II. BASIC MATERIAL OF INVESTIGATION

One of the basic progresses of all the modern sciences trends are an orientation of the human life as a whole. In this regard, it was used the term Humanism<sup>12</sup> in Science.

The problem of man and his role and place in the modern world become not only a theoretical issue, but also a sharp social problem, which touches the bases of human life. Therefore, the theoretical comprehension of the complexity of science in Humanism becomes the center stage of the debates. In this view, the philosophy, sociology, psychology, economy, political science, and medicines are at work for the discovery of man as a Humanist.

Lately, the authoritarian researchers permitted to ground important

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Калінеску Т.В. Механізми міждисциплінарної агрегації та синтезу вирішення сучасних соціально-економічних завдань//Часопис економічних реформ. - №1(5), С. 85—88 (2012).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> There, what reference 1.

<sup>12</sup> Філософія. Світ людини. Курс лекцій: навч. посібник/В.Г. Табачковський, М.О. Булатов, Н.В. Хамітов та ін.—К.: Либідь, С. 368—369 (2003).

positions to take in account the permission of socio-economic conflicts.

First, it is not necessary to prove that most of the problems, including conflicts, have a tint of the character of man with his vital functions. Thus, the important role in this orientation of human life, including the conflicts, should be regarded through the method of spiritual practical relation of the man himself, and what influences him.

The world view characterized that the synthesis of the consciousness of man and his theology is regarded as a universal project, which can provide sufficiency, integrity, and orientation of the man, and to his life. All of these open up the maximization of the absolute into the means of life for all humans in the practice of self-progress, integrity, and willpower through the law of necessity, expediency and harmony into the human's life.

Second, the problem of all humans, including the conflicts, has to be examined in similar socio-economic relations. In this view, it is necessary that world categories have to benefit from studies in the ideological centers, <sup>13</sup> in which the spirituality, applied to the attitude of man, will be realized toward the world, taking in consideration the absolute knowledge. Thus, the consciousness of man gradually will broaden to such forms of the spiritual practical matters. Then, the man can emerge to the understanding of the interpretation and communication (social communication), <sup>14</sup> which can result in the origin of a new science or new directions in already existing sciences, <sup>15</sup> conditioned by the human activity.

Third, it is necessary of a new world view with a different knowledge about the practical ideals. Therefore, the decision of any questions, including conflicts, must view the feedback of the adaptation and orientation on a concrete man. This process will take into account the "rational grain" of the man's world view. Like that, the man's world will benefit from the system of permanent analysis, which will result in the change of the "determination" with the purpose of their approach to the existing reality.

Fourth, it is necessary to take in account the psychology of conduct, of the conflicts in the socio-economic studies. Also, it is necessary to all the participants of the conflict, to investigate the distinctive estimations, likeness of estimations, etc. In order to do that, it is necessary to find mutual

<sup>14</sup> Хентце Й, Метцнер Й. Теория управления кадрами в рыночной экономике/Пер. с нем. Г.А. Рахманина.—М.: Междунар, отношения, С. 308—309 (1997).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> There, what reference 12, at 369.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Калінеску Т.В. Механізми міждисциплінарної агрегації та синтезу вирішення сучасних соціально-економічних завдань//Часопис економічних реформ.—№1(5), С. 85 (2012); Налоговые системы. Методология развития: монография для магистров, обучающихся по программе (Налоги и налогообложение), (Финансы и кредит)/[И.А. Майбуров др.]; под ред И.А. Майбурова, Ю.Б. Иванова.—М.: ЮНИТИ-ДАНА, С. 12, 13 (2012).

understanding and to translate the permission of conflict from an emotional level to an intellectual one in the concerned approaches to solve the problem.

Fifth, in any conflicts, including the socio-economic field, it is possible to examine the restrained political and psychological progress, which takes place in Ukraine. Therefore, the permission of these problems requires the presence of knowledge, experience, and practice of relations in the interpersonal social intercourse, to eliminate the moral, physical, and material loses of the participants of the conflicts. All of these win result in changes of the ideological, economic, moral, and political ideas about the norms of the public relations both in Ukraine and in the World, too.

In addition to that, there is the development of depth of conflicts in the modern society. There are at least three main constituents:

The members of the society, the State and the relations are folded by the State. For this reason, it is necessary to examine the relations between citizens and the State, which requires different socio-economic system tints. All these directions exist in the development of conflicts. In general, this view with its directions and their influence on the scope of conflict could be positive to the present, as following (fig. 1).

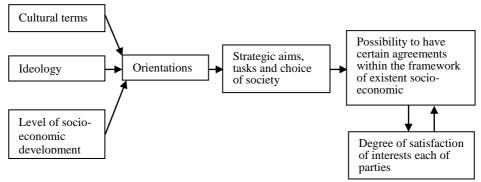


Fig 1. Factors, Which Determine the Scope of Conflict in Society.

There are disputes concerning the meaningfulness limits of management and the permission of different crises.<sup>16</sup>

As the researchers say, there did not take place fundamental changes. On the contrary, the internationalization of the modern conflicts worked out in different national circumstances to diffuse the knowledge into the present possibilities.

In this context, it is necessary to talk about the flexibility of the

 $<sup>^{16}</sup>$  Пул М. Индустриальные и трудовые отношения//Управление человеческими ресурсами/Под ред. М. Пула, М. Уорнера.—СПб: Питер, С. 1075, 1077 (2002).

application of some socio-methods, of the permission of conflicts<sup>17</sup> to the national terms in the existing socio-economic circumstances. The result of this talk will allow developing the different scenarios of positive decision, or redemption of conflict. In this case, it is possible that neither the flexibility of the application nor the different technologies<sup>18</sup> are not able to remove the characters and maintenance of conflict.

#### **CONCLUSION**

In any conflict, including the socio-economics, there are two constituents: theoretical and applied. Therefore, the changes of these constituents can lead to an ambiguous adaptation of them in the real life in concrete terms. In this case, it is possible to draw a conclusion from here, that:

Conflicts are executed by the row of positive functions, providing common progressive motion of public life, and create pre-conditions for providing unity in social education. Therefore, a basic task of permission of conflict, it is a search of similar points of allowing to find concerned priorities.

There, it doesn't exist a "clean" type of economic, political legal conflicts. Practically, all the conflicts have "hybrid forms". Therefore, it is necessary to search the ways of permission in the different spheres of social activity.

Exactly, these general approaches are necessary to take place, proceeding to the permission of conflicts into different local conflicts.

The presence of different point of view, in the decision of every aspect that is created by the variety of decisions, allows finding ways of development from global conflict situation.

The basic idea of permission of many socio-economic conflicts must consist of the achievement of the realization and development of man in the society. Also, only by the co-orientation of the interests of the citizens, association and re-approchement at the State level, it can solve the labor permission of conflicts. It is necessary to find balance between the social interests and the economic technologies requirements, which can bring the scientific and technical progress to the civilization.

<sup>17</sup> Калінеску Т.В., Фоменко А.О. Оцінювання відповідності гнучкого інноваційного розвитку підприємства ринковій кон'юнктурі//Проблеми економіки.—№3, С. 119—123 (2012).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Калінеску Т.В. Використання рефлексивних технологій для розвитку виробничої демократії на підприємствах//Часопис економічних реформ. Науково-вироб-ничий журнал.—№ 3(7), С. 78—84 (2012); Калинеску Т.В. Рефлексивные составляющие инновационной активности предприятий//Рефлексивные процессы в экономике: концепции, модели, прикладные аспекты: моногр./Р.Н. Лепа, С.Н. Шкарлет, Ю.Г. Лысенко и др.; под ред. Р.Н. Лепы/НАН Украины, Ин-т экономики пром-сти.—Т. 1.—Донецк, АПЕКС, Т. 1.—С. 34—50 (2012).